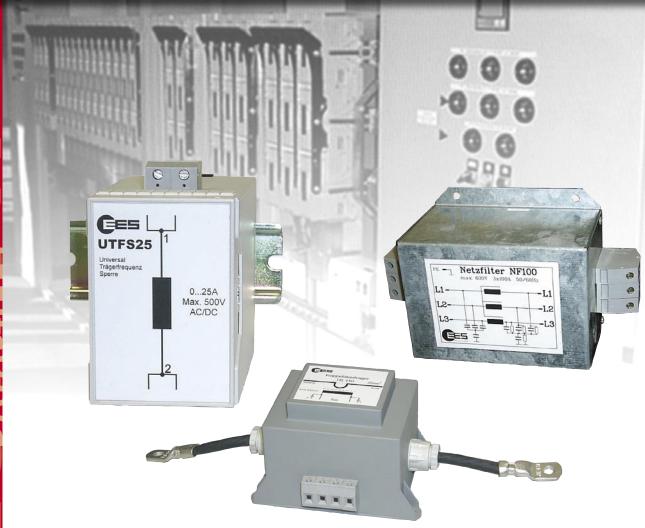




Accessories for Telecontrol systems



Accessories for data transmission

on power line and cable shield

- Carrier frequency traps
- Line filters
- Coupling transmitters for cable shields
- Coupling transmitters for connecting different line systems

Carrier frequency traps for power line transmission

The carrier frequency traps UTFS 25 and UTFS 101 are switched in the phase of a single phase or a three phase current cable line and prevent a leakage of the carriier frequency.

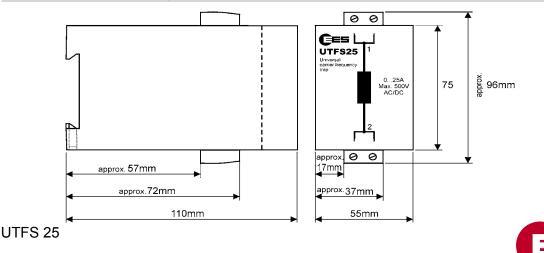
Especially capacitors and resonant earthed system plants are representing a short circuit for the high frequent carrier frequency and obstruct the transmission. To achieve a possibly safe transmission, the used lines for power line transmission should be equipped with carrier frequency traps on all sides. If there are additional line branches, they should be even equipped with carrier frequency traps. The bus connection of the power line modules can be done either between two lines (e.g. L1 and L2) or between a line and zero level.

Technical data

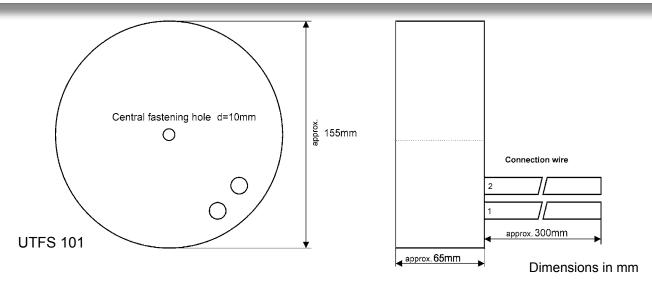
	UTFS25 War Sooy AGOO 2		
Туре	UTFS 25	UTFS 101	
Item number	98UTFS025A	98UTFS101A	
Connection voltage	maximal 500 V AC/DC	maximal 500 V AC/DC	
Maximum nominal current	25 A AC/DC *	100 A AC/DC *	
Nominal frequency	0 60 Hz	0 60 Hz	
Notch- and effective frequency	50 150 kHz	90 150 kHz	
Operating- and ambient temperature	-20 +60 °C	-20 +60 °C	
Weight	approx. 0,7 kg	approx. 3,8 kg	
Terminals	Clamps up to 4 mm ²	30 cm long connection wires with molded wire sleeves Ø ca. 10 mm	

^{*} For higher currents carrier frequency traps can be switched in parallel. (2 x UTFS 25 for 50 A; 2 x UTFS 101 for 200 A).

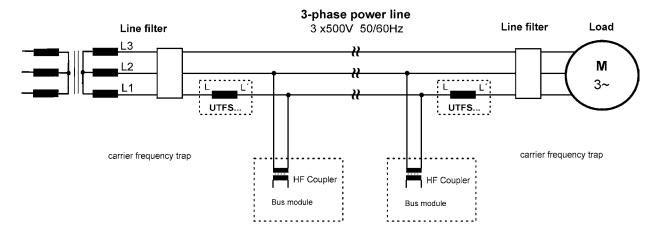
Dimensional drawing

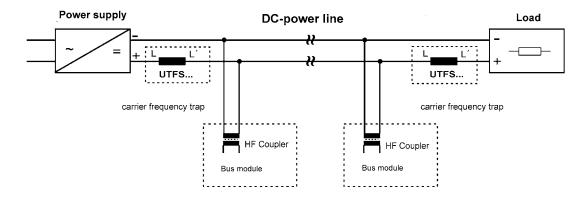


ZMFW-PL-DB-UK-000 Page 2 of 8



Connection diagram





Bigger power transformers are representing a HF short circuit for the carrier frequency signal and have to be avoided by the coupling transmitter KUE 110. Please read section: "coupling of different line types"



ZMFW-PL-DB-UK-000

Page 3 of 8

Line filters for power line transmission

Especially variable frequency inverters are often producing broadband interferences, which have a strong affection on a safe operation of telecontrol systems using powerlines. Because of that line filters have to be installed in the three-phase current line used for transmission at the disturbance source. The source can be either the feeding- or the load side.

Ç≡5

To proof the interference voltages on the power line EES is providing coupling transmitters. With the aid of a oscillograph they can decouple the high frequency interfering voltages from the 50/60 Hz mains frequency and therefore make them visibly very well.

Technical data

	Netafilter NP32 L1 L2 L3	Netzritter NPIOO max sorr habits foreign L1 L2 L3 L3 L3 L4 L5 L5 L5 L5 L5 L5 L5 L5 L5			
Туре	NF 32	NF 100			
Item-Nummer	98NF0320000	98NF1000000			
Max. operating voltage	3 x 600 V 50/60 Hz				
Max. transit current	32 A	100 A			
Max. fusing	40 A	125 A			
Operating and ambient temperature	- 20 +50 °C				
Weight	approx. 3 kg	approx. 3,5 kg			

Insertion loss measured on 50 Ω

At interfering frequency in kHz	10	20	50	110	200
Insertion loss measured on 50 Ω					
symmetrical in db	2	3	15	50	60
symmetrical in db	20	25	50	65	70

Please take the connection diagram on the previous and the next page into account .



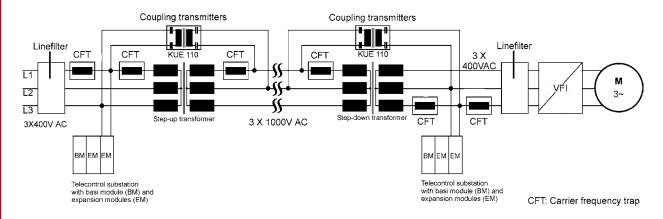
ZMFW-PL-DB-UK-000

Page 4 of 8

Dimensional drawing and terminal assignment

NF32 / NF100 120mm Top view Height of housing = 100 mm L1 L2 L3 170mm

Example: Schematic diagram for avoiding an step-up transformator





-L1

L2

Dimensions in mm

ZMFW-PL-DB-UK-000

Page 5 of 8

Coupling tranmitter for data transmission on cable shields of medium voltage lines



With the coupling transmitter **TR 110** cable shields of medium voltage lines are suitable for data transmission with the MFW power line system. Also already existing plants can be expanded by this way, e.g. if there is a gap between two control cable lines or 3 x 500 V three-phase current cables and can only be bridged by a medium voltage cable shield. Only 2 coupling transmitters TR 110 are needed, used for adapting these totally different transmission cables. These 25 mm² strong primary connection lines are easily inserted into the earthing terminal of the cable shield. The purely passive working transmitters are able to leak either fault currents and short circuit currents on 50 Hz-level completly against earth, as well as coupling intothe carrier frequency for data transmission at the same time with very low loss.

For univeral use of the transmitter there are 2 connection terminals provided for conneting:

- potential-free lines (bus-cables), as well as
- 3 x 500 V three-phase current lines (over coupling capacitors)

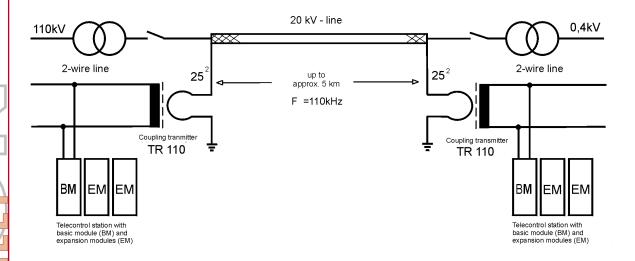
Requirements for medium voltage lines

- No sleeves in contact with earth
- Loop resistance shield and earth < 10 Ω
- Leakage resistance shield/earth > 1 kΩ

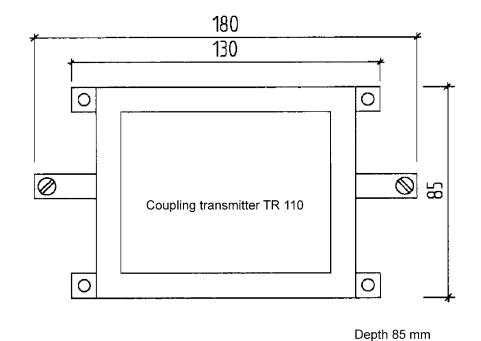
The transmission is not only be able between shield and earth, but also on single wires between shield L1 and shield L2. This offers one's services on poor conductive earth (e.g. dry sandy soil). The transmission on high voltage cable shields is also possible.



The follwing sketch shows the layout of a cable shield transmission in principle.



Dimensional drawing



Dimensions in mm

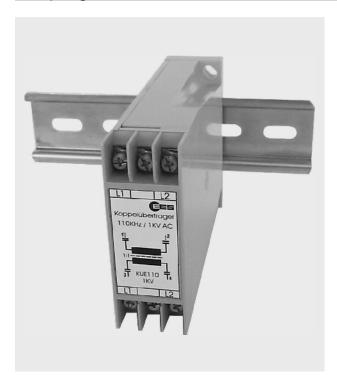


ZMFW-PL-DB-UK-000

Page 7 of 8

Accessories for data transmission

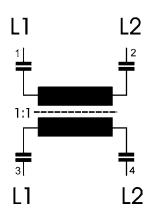
Coupling transmitters for interconnecting different line systems

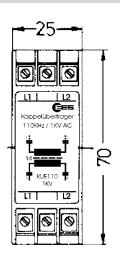


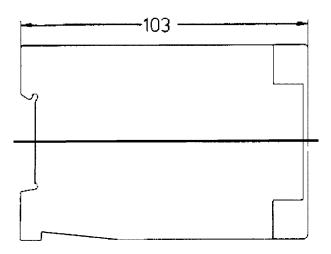
The coupling transmitter **KUE 110** enables the bidirectional transmission of the carrier frequency signal from one line system to another. Therfore a potential separation of 6 kV is ensured. It doesn't matter if one system is alive and the other one not. Therefore all cable types up to 1000 V AC 16 2I_3 Hz, 50 Hz, 60 Hz or direct voltages can be interlinked with low coupling loss for transmission.

The coupling transmitter KUE 110 works purely passive (without auxiliary voltage supply) and is connected directly to the two transmission wires on both sides, without considerable loading these line systems. Please be aware of applying a touch-guard at the terminals having nominal side voltages over 500 V, provided that VBG 4 has to be fulfilled.

Terminal assignment and dimensional drawing







Dimensions in mm

Subject to changes without prior notice





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